## Lab 1 for Math 398 Section 952: Basic Matlab, Numbers, Matrices and Objects

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This document constitutes your first lab assignment, which will be largely worked in the lab session. It will draw on material from Lectures 1 and 2, so it would be a good idea to go to my Home Page (http://www.math.unl.edu/~tshores/) and thence to my Teaching Page, thence to the Math398 Section 952 Home Page. Really, it would be a good idea to bookmark the class home page.

The first issue to be dealt with is how to do these lab assignments. You will need to open a Matlab session and have this pdf file open for reading as well. To keep a recording of your work, you issue the following command to Matlab

> diary 'myfile'

Matlab will then send a copy of all your typed input and the output to a file called 'myfile.' For clarity, use descriptive names for your files, such as 'jsmithasgn1' so that when I save the files that you will email me, I can tell what it's about by the title. If at any point you want to stop the diary feature, issue the command

> diary off

To resume the diary feature, simply type

> diary on

This will cause input to be appended to myfile. You can make comments in your homework file by typing % at the command line and this too will be recorded. For example

> % This is a comment.

Be sure to start your file with the comments

- > % Name: yourname
- > % Email: your email addresss

When you end your session, the file will be closed and you can view it and even edit it with a text editor. As a matter of fact, you can even edit and view it with the Matlab Editor. Just type

> edit myfile

When you have finished the assignment, email the file to me as an attachment. My email address is tshores@math.unl.edu. Here is the assignment.

## **Problems**

1. You are given parametric equations  $x(t) = \sin(t) \exp(\cos(t))$ ,  $y(t) = \cos(t) \exp(\sin(t))$ . These equations define a periodic curve in the xy-plane.

- (a) Evaluate these functions at  $t = 0, \pi/2$  and  $\pi$ .
- (b) Create a vector t of 20 equally spaced points from 0 to  $2\pi$ .
- (c) Create vectors x(t), y(t).
- (d) Do a plot of x and y versus t.
- (e) Do a parametric plot of the curve by converting the vectors x, y into a single complex vector z = x + i \* y and plotting the single vector. Close the preceding plot first.
- 2. Finish carrying out the commands in Matlab Lecture 2, starting with the matrix constructions section. When you have finished, create one new record and display it.
- 3. Create a matrix in block form that has  $42 \times 2$  identity matrices down the main diagonal and off the diagonal has only entry 3.
- 4. Use the vector of values for x(t), y(t) found in problem 1 to represent data. Now smudge the data by a random amount in such a way that the error could be as large as 3%. Then plot the resulting curves along with the true curve as in Exercise 1(d).