

Section 003-Fall 2006

Instructor: Mohammad Rammaha

Please Show Your Work Neatly And Clearly To Ensure Full Credit.

1. (16 points) Solve the IVP: $y' - \frac{1}{x}y = 2 \ln x$, $x > 0$, $y(1) = 7$.

2. (14 points) Find an EXPLICIT FORMULA for the solution of the IVP:

$$(1 + x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = y^2, \quad y(0) = 1; \text{ and from the formula determine the domain of the solution.}$$

3. (12 points) Consider the IVP:

$$(\cos x) y' + x^5 e^{x^2} y = 0, \quad y(0) = 17. \quad (1)$$

(a) (10 points) Find the largest open interval on which the following IVP (1) has a unique solution.

(b) (2 points) If the initial condition in (1) is changed to the condition $y(0) = 0$, can you guess (with justification) the solution to the new IVP?

4. (10 points) Describe and carefully sketch the region in the xy -plane where the hypotheses of Picard's existence and uniqueness theorem are satisfied (so that there is a unique solution through each given initial point (x_0, y_0) in this region).

$$y' = x^5 + \sqrt{y - x^2}, \quad y(x_0) = y_0.$$

5. (12 points) Use the Euler method with step size $h = \frac{1}{2}$ to approximate the value of $y(\frac{3}{2})$; where $y(x)$ is the solution of the IVP:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + x^2 + y^2, \quad y(0) = 0. \quad (2)$$

Show the details of your work by using a proper table.

6. (8 points) The following ODE is not linear nor separable:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (x + y + 9)^4.$$

Use an appropriate change of variables to reduce it into a separable equation, BUT DON'T SOLVE the resulting equation.

7. (28 points) Let $y(t)$ be the population of rabbits in a small area of a forest and time t is measured in months. Assume the $y(t)$ obeys the logistic model: $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{10}y(50 - y)$. However, the foxes in the same area of the forest feed on the rabbits at the rate of 60 rabbits per month. Assume $y(0) = y_0$ is the initial population.
- (a) (8 points) Set up (BUT DON'T SOLVE) the initial value problem whose solution gives $y(t)$ the population of the rabbits.
- (b) (8 points) Find all equilibrium solutions to the ODE you found in part (a) and sketch the phase line diagram. Classify the equilibrium solutions as sink (stable), source (unstable), or node (semi-stable).
- (c) (6 points) On the same set of axis, sketch the solutions $y_1(t)$, $y_2(t)$ of the IVP in part (a) with the initial conditions $y_1(0) = 10$, $y_2(0) = 25$.
- (d) (6 points) For what values of y_0 can you be certain that the population of rabbits won't go to zero as $t \rightarrow \infty$? That is, the foxes will never go hungry.