

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Test 1**

*Rules:* There are 4 questions in this test and 3 pages. You can use your calculator. You cannot use your book or any notes. You have 50 minutes.

Good Luck.

1. Let  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \frac{t^2-4}{t+2}, t+1, t^2 \rangle$ .

(a) What is the domain of  $\mathbf{r}(t)$ ?

(b) For which value of  $a$  is the following vector-valued function continuous at  $t = -2$ ?

$$\mathbf{s}(t) = \begin{cases} \langle a, -1, 4 \rangle & \text{if } t = -2 \\ \mathbf{r}(t) & \text{if } t \neq -2. \end{cases}$$

(c) Compute the value of  $\mathbf{r}(t)$  at  $t = 0$ .

2. Describe the surface  $x^2 + z^2 = y^2$ . If a sketch is useful, you may sketch the surface but it is acceptable to just adequately describe it in words.

3. Let  $s$  and  $r$  be two lines which are defined by the following parametric equations

$$s : \begin{cases} x = t + 9 \\ y = 7t \\ z = 8t + 8 \end{cases} \quad \text{and} \quad r : \begin{cases} x = t + 8 \\ y = 0 \\ z = 2t + 6 \end{cases}$$

(a) Find the point in which the two lines intersect and decide whether they are perpendicular.

(b) Give the equation of the plane  $\pi$  containing the two lines.

(c) Find the distance between the plane  $\pi$  and the plane  $14x + 6y - 7z = 0$ .

4. Let  $\mathbf{s}(t)$  be the vector-valued function given by  $\langle \sin(3t), \cos(3t), e^t \rangle$ .

(a) Sketch the graph of the curve traced out by the endpoints of  $\mathbf{s}(t)$ .

(b) Find  $\mathbf{s}'(t)$ .

(c) Are  $\mathbf{s}(t)$  and  $\mathbf{s}'(t)$  perpendicular for some value of  $t$ ?