

M902-2009 Assignment 5: Due Wednesday February 25

Instructions: Do any three of the following problems.

- (1) Say $K \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$ is an exact sequence of left A -modules, where A is a ring. If N and K are finitely generated, show that M is finitely generated.
- (2) Say $0 \rightarrow K \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$ is an exact sequence of left A -modules, where A is a ring. If N is finitely presented and M is finitely generated, show that K is finitely generated. (Hint: apply the snake lemma.)
- (3) Let A be a finite product of fields. Show that every A -module M is locally free.
- (4) Let A be a finite product of fields. Show that every A -module M is projective.
- (5) Let A be a Boolean ring, let I be a maximal ideal and let $S = A \setminus I$. Show that $S_I^{-1}A = A_I$ is a field, isomorphic to A/I .
- (6) Let A be a ring and let M, N, P and Q be left A -modules. We discussed in class that $\text{Hom}_A(Q, \cdot)$ is a left exact covariant functor and that $\text{Hom}_A(\cdot, Q)$ is a left exact contravariant functor; i.e., if $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P \rightarrow 0$ is an exact sequence, then so is $0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(P, Q) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(N, Q) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(M, Q)$, and if $0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P$ is an exact sequence, then so is $0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Q, M) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Q, N) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Q, P)$. Weak converses also hold. Pick and prove either one of the following.
 - (a) If $0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(P, Q) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(N, Q) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(M, Q)$ is exact for all A -modules Q , then $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P \rightarrow 0$ is exact.
 - (b) If $0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Q, M) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Q, N) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Q, P)$ is exact for all A -modules Q , then $0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P$ is exact.