

1. (14 points) Find and classify the critical points of

$$f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 + 3x^2 - 3y^2 - 8.$$

2. (14 points) Find an equation of the tangent plane to the surface  $\cos(\pi x) - x^2y = 4 - yz - e^{xz}$  at the point  $(0, 1, 2)$ .

3. (14 points) Evaluate the triple iterated integral

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \int_{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}^{\sqrt{18-x^2-y^2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \, dz \, dx \, dy.$$

4. (14 points) Evaluate the double iterated integral

$$\int_{-1}^0 \int_{-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^0 \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \, dx \, dy.$$

5. (14 points) Evaluate the iterated integral

$$\int_0^3 \int_{y^2}^9 y \cos(x^2) dx dy.$$

6. (16 points)

(a) If  $w = w(x)$ , and  $x = x(r, s, t)$ . Write down a chain rule formula for  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ .

(b) Find  $\vec{curl} \langle xy, yz, xz \rangle$ .

7. (14 points) Use Green's theorem to find the work done by the force field  $\vec{F}(x, y) = (y^2, x^2)$  in moving an object around the triangle with vertices  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(1, 0)$ ,  $(0, 1)$  one time in the counterclockwise direction.

8. (16 points) Given the force field  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \langle y^2 \cos(xy) - 3, \sin(xy) + 2y + xy \cos(xy), 2z \rangle$ .
- a. Find a potential function for this force field.

- b. How much work is done by this force field in moving an object from  $(2, -1, 1)$  to  $(1, 3, 0)$ ?

9. (14 points) Find the flux of the vector field  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \langle -xz, -yz, z^2 \rangle$  up through the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  for  $0 \leq z \leq 4$ , oriented upward.

10. (14 points) A rectangular box without a lid is made from 12 square feet of cardboard. Use Lagrange multipliers to find the maximum volume of such a box.

11. (14 points) Given  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .

a. Find the rate of change of  $f$  at  $(3, 4)$  in the direction from the point  $(3, 4)$  to the point  $(0, 0)$ .

b. Find the maximum value of all of the directional derivatives of  $f$  at  $(3, 4)$ .

c. Find a vector  $\vec{w}$  such that the rate of change of  $f$  at  $(3, 4)$  in the direction of  $\vec{w}$  is zero.

12. (14 points) Find the quadratic approximation of  $f(x, y) = 2 + 3x + 4y + x^2 - 2y^2$  near  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 1$ .

13. (14 points) Find the equation of the plane passing through the points  $(2, 1, -3)$ ,  $(1, 2, 1)$ , and  $(1, -2, 4)$ .

14. (14 points) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate the line integral  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , where  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \langle 0, x^2, 0 \rangle$  and  $C$  is the intersection of the plane  $2x + y + z = 2$  with the coordinate planes traversed counter-clockwise as viewed from above.