

1. Let $x(t; a, b)$ denote the solution of the IVP

$$x' = \arctan x, \quad x(a) = b.$$

Without solving the above differential equation, find

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial b}(t; 0, 0) \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial x}{\partial a}(t; 0, 0).$$

Use one of your answers to approximate $x(t; 0, h)$ for h close to zero.

2. State and prove the Picard-Lindeloff Theorem.
 3. State and prove the Contraction Mapping Theorem.
 4. Approximate the solution of the IVP

$$x' = \frac{x}{1+x^2}, \quad x(0) = 1$$

by finding the second Picard iterate $x_2(t)$ and find how good an approximation you get.

5. Show that the matrix norm induced by the traffic norm on \mathbb{R}^n is given by

$$\|A\| = \max_{1 \leq j \leq n} \sum_{i=0}^n |a_{ij}|.$$

Recall that the traffic norm on \mathbb{R}^n is defined by

$$\|x\| = \sum_{k=1}^n |x_k|.$$

6. Find the Green's function for the BVP

$$x'' = 0, \quad x(0) = 0, \quad x(1) - 2x'(1) = 0.$$

Use your answer to solve the BVP

$$x'' = t, \quad x(0) = 1, \quad x(1) - 2x'(1) = 0.$$